

Who We Are An inquiry into - the nature of the self; - beliefs and values; - personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; - human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; - rights and responsibilities; - what it means to be human.	 Where We Are in Place & Time An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global 	 How We Express Ourselves An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic. 	 How the World Works An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the 	 How We Organize Ourselves An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 Sharing the Planet An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
	perspectives.	Pr	environment.		
CENTRAL IDEA: We are learning about who we are in relationship with others and our environment.		CENTRAL IDEA: We explore and make sense of our world through creative play.	CENTRAL IDEA: Our world is organized around predictable patterns and cycles.		CENTRAL IDEA: We connect with our environment through curiosity and responsibility.
LINES OF INQUIRY: Exploring about myself (form) Identifying and managing emotions (causation) Challenging ourselves (perspective)		LINES OF INQUIRY: Building understanding through sensory play (connection) Problem solving and decision-making (causation) Creativity in communication and storytelling (function)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Understanding patterns and cycles around us (form) Using patterns and cycles (connection) Predictability (change)		LINES OF INQUIRY: The spaces in our environment (form) Curious looking (perspective) Personal responsibility in our spaces (responsibility)
KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Form Perspective RELATED CONCEPTS: Play, likes/dislikes, physical characteristics, similarities/differences SUBJECT FOCUS:		KEY CONCEPTS:Function Causation ConnectionRELATED CONCEPTS:Play, senses, problem solving, storytelling, communicationSUBJECT FOCUS:	KEY CONCEPTS: Form Change Connection RELATED CONCEPTS: Play, cycles, patterns, predictability, observation SUBJECT FOCUS:		KEY CONCEPTS:FormPerspectiveResponsibilityRELATED CONCEPTS:Play, curiosity, responsibility, environment, observation, questionsSUBJECT FOCUS:
PSPE, Social studies		PSPE, Language	PSPE, Science		PSPE, Science



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CENTRAL IDEA: We are learning about who we are in relationship with others and our environment.		CENTRAL IDEA: People express their imagination and creativity in various ways.	CENTRAL IDEA: We construct theories about how the world works through playful exploration.		CENTRAL IDEA: We connect with our environment through curiosity and responsibility.
LINES OF INQUIRY: Respectful interactions with others (form) Being open-minded to see differences in others (perspective) Actions and consequences (causation)		LINES OF INQUIRY: Using imagination to explore different materials (connection) Ways creativity can be expressed (function) Appreciating your own creativity and that of others (perspective)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Asking scientific questions (form) Playful experimentation (function) Making conclusions (causation)		LINES OF INQUIRY: Our responsibility in nature (responsibility) The needs of living things (function) How nature impacts our lives (connection)
KEY CONCEPTS: Form Causation Perspective RELATED CONCEPTS: Play, relationships, respect, differences,		KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Function Perspective RELATED CONCEPTS: Play, imagination, materials, interpretation,	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Form Function RELATED CONCEPTS: Play, theories, experimentation, questions,		KEY CONCEPTS:ConnectionFunctionResponsibilityRELATED CONCEPTS:Play, needs, characteristics, relationships,
consequences, community, self-management SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Social studies		storytelling SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Arts	conclusions, observation SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Science, Math		living things, curiosity, observation SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Science



Who We Are	Where We Are in Place & Time	How We Express Ourselves	How the World Works	How We Organize Ourselves	Sharing the Planet
 An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human. 	 An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives. 	 An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic. 	 An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment. 	 An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
		Kinde	rgarten		
CENTRAL IDEA:		CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:		CENTRAL IDEA:
We are learning about who we are in relationship with others and our environment.		Visual art impacts the artist and the audience.	Playing with force, balance, and motion helps us build an understanding of the scientific world.		We connect with our environment through curiosity and responsibility.
LINES OF INQUIRY:		LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:		LINES OF INQUIRY:
Creating an inclusive classroom (responsibility) The spaces and the people within our school community (form) Appreciation of others' perspectives and		 Materials and processes used for visual art (function) Responses to visual art (perspective) How visual art forms are used to express and celebrate (connection) 	The relationship between force, balance and motion (connection)		Thinking like a scientist (function)How living things use their habitat to meet their needs (connection)How we share our environment with other living things (responsibility)
ideas (perspective)					
KEY CONCEPTS: Form Perspective Responsibility		KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Function Perspective	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Connection Function		KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Function Responsibility
RELATED CONCEPTS:		RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	1	RELATED CONCEPTS:
Play, empathy, understanding, forgiveness, consequences, inclusion, problem solving		Play, point of view, comparison, opinion, interpretation, experimentation, materials	Play, force, motion, balance, design, using scientific principles, energy, momentum, questions, experimentation		Play, plants, water, community roles, personal and social responsibility, natural resources, respect, theories, prediction, problem solving
SUBJECT FOCUS:		SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:		SUBJECT FOCUS:
PSPE, Social studies		PSPE, Arts, Math	PSPE, Science		PSPE, Science



Who We Are An inquiry into - the nature of the self; - beliefs and values; - personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; - human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; - rights and responsibilities; - what it means to be human.	Where We Are in Place & Time Place & Time An inquiry into - orientation in place and time; - personal histories; - homes and journeys; - the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; - the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global	 How We Express Ourselves An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic. 	 How the World Works An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the 	 How We Organize Ourselves An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 Sharing the Planet An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
	perspectives.	Gra	environment. de 1		
CENTRAL IDEA: Understanding ourselves and others helps us learn and play together.	CENTRAL IDEA: People develop new tools and technology to meet their needs and desires.	CENTRAL IDEA: People express ideas and experiences through performance.	CENTRAL IDEA: Patterns of objects in the universe affect life on earth.	CENTRAL IDEA: People develop systems to bring food from the source to the table.	CENTRAL IDEA: Species adapt in order to survive.
LINES OF INQUIRY: What makes me "me" (perspective) Understanding our social and emotional needs (form) What it means to be a learner (responsibility)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Where ideas come from (causation) How tools and technology have evolved (change) The impact of tools and technology on people's lives (connection)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Elements of different types of performances (form) How light, sound and movement can impact a performance (causation) Responses to performances (perspective)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Patterns of celestial bodies (form) How cultures view these patterns (perspective) How patterns affect life on earth (connection)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Where food comes from (connection) Systems involved in getting food to our table (function) Processing food (change)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Understanding habitats (form) Why species need to adapt (causation) How species use their body parts or behavior to adapt (function)
KEY CONCEPTS: Form Perspective Responsibility	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Change Connection	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Form Perspective	KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Form Perspective	KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Change Function	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Form Function
RELATED CONCEPTS: Interests, individuality, identity, cooperation, learning, similarities/differences, goals, problem solving	RELATED CONCEPTS: Tools, technology, inventions, biomimicry, past and present, inspiration, problem solving	RELATED CONCEPTS: Balance, coordination, movement, light and shadow, sound, emotions, performance	RELATED CONCEPTS: Patterns, cycles, observation, past and present, time, questions, scientific process, culture	RELATED CONCEPTS: Production, distribution, process, agriculture, gardening, classification, geography	RELATED CONCEPTS: Habitats, survival needs, parts and purposes, structure, adaptations, behavior, living things, characteristics, geography
SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Social studies	SUBJECT FOCUS: Social studies, Science	SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Science, Arts	SUBJECT FOCUS: Science, Social studies, Language	SUBJECT FOCUS: Science, Social studies	SUBJECT FOCUS: Science, Social studies



Who We Are	Where We Are in Place & Time	How We Express Ourselves	How the World Works	How We Organize Ourselves	Sharing the Planet
 An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human (STP) 	 An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives. 	 An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; appreciation of the aesthetic (WWAIPAT) 	 An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment. 	 An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
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CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:
Choices people make impact their health and well-being.	Homes reflect local conditions and cultural influences.	Storytelling gives meaning to our ideas, beliefs, and experiences.	Water is a powerful force that can change the Earth's surface.	The needs and desires of people can change the value of goods and services.	The strength of a community depends on the relationships within it.
LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:
Factors that contribute to a balanced, healthy lifestyle (form)	What makes a home a home (function, perspective)	Forms of storytelling (form) Purposes of storytelling (function)	Forms and locations of water on Earth (form)	How the value of goods and services can change (change)	Roles and responsibilities within a community (responsibility)
What influences our choices (causation) How our choices impact our health (connection)	Factors that influence the design of homes (causation) Changes in the design of homes over time (change)	How stories are interpreted (perspective)	How water can change the land (change) Effects of these changes on communities and the environment (causation)	How the value of goods and services impacts their price (causation) How money works (function)	Conflict resolution (perspective) Developing good relationships (causation)
KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:
Form	Function	Form	Form	Change	Causation
Causation Connection	Causation Change Perspective	Function Perspective	Causation Change	Causation Function	Perspective Responsibility
RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:
Balance, lifestyle, influence, choice, physical and mental health	Architecture, structure and function, past and present, goods and services, cultural heritage, geography	Communication, traditions, beliefs and values, culture, interpretation	Distribution and forms of water, cycles, erosion, weathering, geography, maps	Goods and services, wants and needs, uses of money, financial decision-making, value, economic systems	Problem and solution, agreements, culture, emotions, values, relationships, cooperation, trust, respecting differences
SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:
PSPE, Social studies, Science	Social studies, Arts	Language, Science, Social Studies	Science, Social studies	Social studies, Math	PSPE, Social studies

l Works	How We Organize Ourselves	Sharing the Planet
laws; ne natural world and human	 An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; 	 An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within
derstanding of	 economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	and between them; - access to equal opportunities;
nd technological on the		- peace and conflict resolution.



Who We Are An inquiry into - the nature of the self; - beliefs and values; - personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; - human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; - rights and responsibilities;	Where We Are in Place & Time Place & Time An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and	 How We Express Ourselves An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic. 	How the World Works An inquiry into - the natural world and its laws; - the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; - how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; - the impact of scientific and technological	 How We Organize Ourselves An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 Sharing the Planet An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; (WWA) peace and conflict resolution.
- what it means to be human.	civilizations, from local and global perspectives.	Gra	advances on society and on the environment.		
CENTRAL IDEA: People share social responsibilities to ensure that human rights are met.	CENTRAL IDEA: Human action and natural forces shape the development of communities.	CENTRAL IDEA: People create messages to target or influence a specific audience.	CENTRAL IDEA: Patterns of change can be used to make predictions and take action.	CENTRAL IDEA: Measurement allows us to communicate value and fairness in making decisions.	CENTRAL IDEA: The health of the planet relies on maintaining its biodiversity.
LINES OF INQUIRY: Human rights (perspective) Impact of the distribution of resources on individuals and communities (connection) Responsibilities of citizens in their community (responsibility)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Changes over time in communities (change) Factors that cause change (causation) Whose story is being told (perspective)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Tools and strategies used to persuade (function) Understanding the perspective of the audience (perspective) Critically evaluating messages (responsibility)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Weather patterns and climate (form) How living things rely on predictable weather patterns (connection) Responses to climate and weather changes (responsibility)	LINES OF INQUIRY: How we measure different things (function) How we decide value (perspective) Applications of measurement (connection)	LINES OF INQUIRY: Living things are interconnected (connection) Human impact on natural habitats and biodiversity (responsibility) How living things respond to environmental changes (causation)
KEY CONCEPTS:Connection Perspective ResponsibilityRELATED CONCEPTS:Rights and responsibilities, wants and needs, distribution of wealth and resources, cooperation and conflict, civics, protest	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Change Perspective RELATED CONCEPTS: Population, natural hazards, community, rights and responsibilities, impact, regions and their characteristics, interpretation, climate change, geography, history	KEY CONCEPTS: Function Perspective Responsibility RELATED CONCEPTS: Persuasion, influence, media, protest, messaging, how to disagree, understanding perspectives, supporting arguments, reliable resources	KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Form Responsibility RELATED CONCEPTS: Weather, climate and climate change, patterns, regions, technological applications of scientific knowledge, meteorology, predictability, adaptation, probability, data	KEY CONCEPTS: Connection Function Perspective RELATED CONCEPTS: Measurement, units, qualitative and quantitative, application, value, equity, data, scale, attributes	KEY CONCEPTS: Causation Connection Responsibility RELATED CONCEPTS: Biodiversity, environmental change, personal and social responsibility, interdependence, survival needs, cause/effect, data and statistics, balance
SUBJECT FOCUS: PSPE, Social studies	SUBJECT FOCUS: Social studies, Science	SUBJECT FOCUS: Language, ICT, Social studies	SUBJECT FOCUS: Science, Social studies, Math	SUBJECT FOCUS: Math, Science, Language	SUBJECT FOCUS: Science, Social Studies



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CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:
Understanding how the body works helps us make decisions about our well-being.	Migration shapes the racial and cultural landscape of a place.	Complex problems can be solved through innovation and design.	The Earth constantly moves and changes.	Government systems structure how nations are organized.	Human behavior impacts our limited resources.
LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:
 Structures of the body and how they work (function) Parts of a whole are interconnected (connection) Approaches to well-being (perspective) 	Patterns of migration (causation/change) Resistance and contributions (change) Historical narratives of migration (perspective)	Defining and understanding problems and opportunities (perspective) Understanding scientific principles to improve design (causation) Formulating ideas and designing solutions (change)	Geological structures of the Earth (form) How the Earth's natural processes cause change (change) How communities and the environment respond to natural disasters (responsibility)	Government systems (form) Control of power (perspective) How a government impacts its citizens (connection)	How human needs and desires have changed over time (change) Impacts of human behavior on natural systems (causation) Developing sustainable and equitable communities (responsibility)
KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:
Function Connection Responsibility	Causation Change Perspective	Causation Change Perspective	Form Change Responsibility	Form Connection Perspective	Causation Change Responsibility
RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:
Interaction of systems, innovation and design, choice, well-being, emotions, balance	Migration, community, settlement, identity, interconnectivity of people, places, and events, conflict, empathy, colonialism, choices, geography	Creativity, innovation, problem/solution, engineering, experimentation, iterations, inspiration	Geology, tectonic plates, internal structures, natural disaster	Power and authority, state, nation, world, decision-making, systems, impact	Distribution of resources, access to clean water, wealth and scarcity, community development, population, sustainability
SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:
PSPE, Science	Social studies, PSPE, Language	Science, Arts, ICT	Science, Social studies	Social studies, PSPE	Science, Social Studies

l Works	How We Organize Ourselves	Sharing the Planet
A aws; he natural world and human derstanding of EO) d technological on the	 An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment. 	 An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.



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CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:	CENTRAL IDEA:
Individuals can play a pivotal role in changing societies.	Learning how to resolve conflict allows us to shape relationships.	Exhibition	All of life depends on reproductive processes.	Democracy relies on the citizen's right and ability to freely and peacefully voice their opinions.	Innovations solve problems of social significance.
LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:		LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:	LINES OF INQUIRY:
How people become leaders (causation)	What is conflict (form) Roles within a conflict (perspective)		Life cycles of organisms (form) Environmental effects on reproduction	How citizens peacefully voice their opinions (form, perspective)	The world's dependence on nonrenewable resources (connection)
Approaches for bringing about change (change) Qualities of leaders (form)	How conflict shapes relationships (connection)		(change) The impact of technology on reproductive process (causation)	The impact of protests on governments and organizations (causation)	Impacts of our consumption of resources on the environment (causation) How individuals and communities address change (responsibility)
KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:		KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:	KEY CONCEPTS:
Causation Change Form	Connection Form Perspective		Causation Change Form	Causation Form Perspective	Causation Connection Responsibility
RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:		RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:	RELATED CONCEPTS:
Activism, advocacy, leadership, injustice, discrimination, human rights, power and authority, formal and informal leadership	Conflict, families, relationships, compromise, bullying, war, international relations		Reproduction, adaptation, cycles, structures, innovation, classification	Protest, peaceful, equality, cooperation and conflict, civic participation, rights and responsibility, impact	Innovation, nonrenewable and renewable resources, sustainability, industry, economics
SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:		SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:	SUBJECT FOCUS:
Social studies, PSPE	Social studies, PSPE		Science, PSPE	Social studies, PSPE, Arts	Science, Social Studies